



College of Public Health & Health Professions
College of Medicine
Introduction to Molecular Epidemiology
PHC7595 067D
Fall 2017
3 Credit Hours
HPNP G110

Instructor Information

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Class schedule: Tuesday, 9:35am-12:35pm
Office hours: by appointment

Course Overview

This course covers the theoretical concepts in molecular epidemiology and use of biomarkers in epidemiologic studies. Class topics include: basics of molecular epidemiology, potential uses and limitations of biomarkers, sample collection and storage, issues in epidemiologic study design and analysis, and discussion of specific research examples involving molecular markers.

Prerequisites

Knowledge of basic concepts in epidemiology and study designs: PHC 6001.

Course Objectives

Students will be able to:

1. Describe application of biomarkers in epidemiologic studies, including their strengths and limitations.
2. Identify the criteria used to evaluate a potential biomarker and critically evaluate selected examples
3. Describe the major problems in collecting, storing and processing various biological samples for human population studies, ethical and legal considerations and principles of quality control for laboratory assays.
4. Critically evaluate application of study designs in molecular epidemiology.
5. Critically evaluate the use of biomarkers as measures of the internal dose of exogenous substances (environmental toxins, micronutrients, etc.).
6. Effectively synthesize & evaluate research to address a specific research question.

Text/Readings

No required text.

Recommended: Molecular Epidemiology of Chronic Diseases by Chris Wild, Paolo Vineis, and Seymour Garte. Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2008.

Each week there will be one or more required readings that could include information from articles, or book chapters provided by the instructor. When possible, the articles for the class will be posted on Canvas.

Canvas

Canvas is accessible at lss.at.ufl.edu or through my.ufl.edu. You must have a valid Gatorlink ID and password. For assistance, call the UF Help Desk at 392-HELP.

Required: Students will need to log in Canvas and print all electronic files before each class. If materials are not posted in Canvas, we will provide hardcopies in class. Students are responsible for all course material, including required readings prior to each class. Readings will be assigned from historical or current scientific research literature.

Homework

There is no formal exam for this course. However, the students will be required to complete two homework assignments and a final project. All files will need to be submitted electronically.

Homework #1 (10 points): Due by the class start time on the 2nd week. Students will have to select one example of biomarker of external dose, internal dose, biologically active dose, and biological effect and explain why they chose each of the markers. During the class discussion, all students will present their selections and justifications to the class (no PowerPoint!). This homework will count 10% towards the final grade.

Homework #2 (20 points): Due by the class start time on the 6th week. Students need to select one biomarker for the final project and write two-page justification why this is a good candidate biomarker for their final project. They will also need to select the preferred format for the final paper. If format #3 is selected, please provide citations for two selected articles. This homework will count 20% towards the final grade.

Class Participation and in-class paper discussion: Starting from Week 5, each student will be asked to choose one article of their choice that uses biomarkers to investigate associations of interest. The paper will be sent to the instructor by Friday of the preceding week and posted online. The student will briefly present the study and prepare 2-3 questions to lead a 20-30 minute discussion. The questions should focus on various methodological issues pertinent to overall study design, specimen collection, biomarker use, and data analysis/interpretation.

Students will also discuss strengths and limitations of papers assigned by the instructor for group exercise. For this exercise, students will be randomly assigned to “strengths” or “limitations” groups in class. Both groups will have 10-15 minutes to prepare their arguments followed by a brief presentation from each group and discussion. The “strengths” group will also introduce the article by summarizing the key design elements. Students are expected to come prepared for this exercise.

Class participation and in-class discussion will count 10% towards the final grade.

Final project. Students will have an opportunity to choose from three possible formats for their final project (40 points total):

Format #1: Students will develop a 6-page proposal for a molecular epidemiology study. The proposal will adhere to the following format: introduction; hypothesis/specific aims; research strategy; study limitations. Special attention will be paid to the proper use of Mol Epi terminology and sufficient details on different aspects of the selected biomarker. The paper will be graded based on the clarity of the research question, its justification and supporting literature (10 points); proper design choice and description of the research strategy (population; exclusion/inclusion criteria; sample collection; detailed biomarker measurement, including lab methods (if more than one exist; justification of the method selection); statistical analysis (20 points); proper proposal structure (5 points); critical thinking (5 points). Sample size and power calculations are not required, but additional points will be assigned if discussed.

Format #2: (Preferred format) Literature Review: Each student will write a publishable review of the literature on the use of a biomarker(s) in a particular disease/organ system. The manuscript will be prepared according to specifications outlined by the journal to which you intend to submit the manuscript. Using the guidelines of the journal, the literature review will: identify and describe the disease-exposure relationship (5 points); organize information and relate it to the research question you are developing (5 points); synthesize results into a summary of what is and is not known (10 points); identify gaps and controversy in the literature (10 points); use tables and/or figures to graphically represent data (5 points); develop questions for further research (5 points). The journal specifications for a literature review should accompany your paper.

Format #3: (Format available for those working in areas with little existing research) The students will select two articles investigating the same marker-disease association but reporting controversial findings. They will write a 6 page paper comparing two investigations and critically summarizing study features that contribute to the differences in findings. Special attention should be paid to the differences in molecular epidemiology methods used by the authors. Simple summary of the two studies or comparison of general design features will not be sufficient. The paper will be graded based on the paper structure and flow (5 points); in-depth comparison of the molecular epidemiology methods (15 points); discussion of the design features that contribute to controversial findings (20 points).

The final project will contribute 40% towards your final grade and will be due by the end of the 15th week.

Presentations. Regardless of the chosen format for the final project, each student will present their final work as a 30 minute presentation scheduled during the last two weeks (20 minute talk + 5-10 minute Q&A). Assessment of presentations will be based on organization and flow (3 points), subject knowledge (8 points), visual representation (5 points); style (mechanics, eye contact, etc., 2 points), and Q&A session (2 points). The form used to evaluate the critique will be posted on Canvas prior to presentations. The presentation will contribute 20% towards the final grade.

Evaluation/Grading

Grading will be based on attendance and class participation (10%), homework assignments (10% for HW #1 and 20% for HW#2); in-class paper discussion (10%), final paper (40%), and final presentation (20%). There will be no exams.

This course will be graded following the policies described here

<http://gradcatalog.ufl.edu/content.php?catoid=4&navoid=907&hl=grades&returnto=search#grades>

Percentage or points earned in class	93 %- 100 %	90%	87%	83%	80%	77%	73%	70%	67%	63%	60%	Below 60%
Letter Grade equivalent	A	A-	B+	B	B-	C+	C	C-	D+	D	D-	E

A	A-	B+	B	B-	C+	C	C-	D+	D	D-	E	WF	I	NG	S-U
4.0	3.67	3.33	3.0	2.67	2.33	2.0	1.67	1.33	1.0	0.67	0	0	0	0	0

Non-Punitive Grades and Symbols:

Zero Grade Points Not Counted in GPA

W = Withdrew

U = Unsatisfactory

H = Deferred grade assigned only in approved sequential courses or correspondence study

N* = No grade reported

I* = Incomplete

Failing Grades:

Zero Grade Points Counted in GPA

E = Failure

WF = Withdrew failing

Policy Related to Class Attendance and Make-up Work

This is an interactive class and students are expected to be present and to participate in all class sessions. Students who know they will need to miss a class session should discuss this with the instructor prior to the date of the class, or on the day of the absence for illness or emergency. According to the UF Catalog (link below) "In general, acceptable reasons for absences from class include illness, serious family emergencies, special curricular requirements, military obligation, severe weather conditions, religious holidays, and participation in official University activities. Absences from class for court-imposed legal obligations (e.g., jury duty or subpoena) must be excused. Other reasons also may be approved." For more information on UF's attendance policy, visit <https://catalog.ufl.edu/ugrad/current/regulations/info/attendance.aspx>.

Make-up work will be allowed by the course instructor on an individual basis after an excused absence (see above) Students should consult with the professor for new deadlines for assignments. Please consult the university guidelines for more information on makeup policies: <https://catalog.ufl.edu/ugrad/current/regulations/info/attendance.aspx>.

Statement of University's Honesty Policy

University of Florida Academic Honesty Statements

Students and faculty will adhere to the following policies for academic honesty and honor.

“I understand that the University of Florida expects its students to be honest in all their academic work. I agree and adhere to this commitment to academic honesty and understand that my failure to comply with this commitment may result in disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from the University.”

“All faculty, staff and students of the University are required and expected to obey the laws and legal agreements governing software use. Failure to do so can lead to monetary damages and/or criminal penalties for the individual violator. Because such violations are also against University policies and rules, disciplinary action will be taken as appropriate.”

“We, the members of the University of Florida, pledge to hold ourselves and our peers to the highest standards of honesty and integrity.”

For more information regarding UF's policy on Academic Honesty, please visit

http://gradcatalog.ufl.edu/content.php?catoid=4&navoid=907&hl=grades&returnto=search#Academic_Honesty

For details on how suspected honor code violations will be handled, please refer to

<http://regulations.ufl.edu/wp-content/uploads/2012/09/4042.pdf>

Citations and Plagiarism

The two key purposes of citation are to: 1) give appropriate credit to the authors of information, research findings, and/or ideas (and avoid plagiarism), and 2) facilitate access by your readers to the sources you use in your research.

Quotations: When directly quoting an outside source, the borrowed text, regardless of the amount, must be surrounded by quotation marks or block quoted. Quoted text over two lines in length should be single-spaced and indented beyond the normal margins. Every quote must include a source—the author, title, volume, page numbers, etc.—whether an internal reference, footnote, or endnote is used in conjunction with a bibliography page.

Paraphrasing or Citing an Idea: When summarizing an outside source in your own words or citing another person's ideas, quotation marks are not necessary, but the source must be included. This includes, but is not confined to, personal communications from other students, faculty members, experts in the field, summarized ideas from published or unpublished resource, and primary methods derived from published or unpublished sources. Use the general concept of “when in doubt – cite.”

Plagiarism is a serious violation of the academic honesty policy of the College. If a student plagiarizes others' material or ideas, UF Policies on Honesty and honor code violations, noted above, will be followed.

Generally speaking, the three keys of acceptable citation practice are: 1) thoroughness, 2) accuracy, and 3) consistency. In other words, be sure to fully cite all sources used (thoroughness), be accurate in the citation information provided, and be consistent in the citation style you adopt. All references should include the following elements: 1) last names along with first and middle initials; 2) full title of reference; 3) name of journal or book; 4) publication city, publisher, volume, and date; and 5) page numbers referenced. When citing information from the Internet, include the WWW address at the end, with the “access date” (i.e., when you obtained the information), just as you would list the document number and date for all public documents. When citing ideas or words from an individual that are not published, you can write “personal communication” along with the person’s name and date of communication.

Statement Related to Accommodations for Students with Disabilities

If you require classroom accommodation because of a disability, you must first register with the Dean of Students Office (<http://www.dso.ufl.edu/>). The Dean of Students Office will provide documentation to you, which you then give to the instructor when requesting accommodation. The College is committed to providing reasonable accommodations to assist students in their coursework.

Counseling and Student Health

Students may occasionally have personal issues that arise in the course of pursuing higher education or that may interfere with their academic performance. If you find yourself facing problems affecting your coursework, you are encouraged to talk with an instructor and to seek confidential assistance at the UF Counseling & Wellness Center, 352-392-1575. Visit their web site for more information: <http://www.counseling.ufl.edu/>. They are located on campus at 3190 Radio Road and are open from 8 am to 5 pm Monday through Friday. You can also get emergency walk-in crisis stabilization at the Counseling and Wellness Center's (CERC) on-campus "Crisis and Emergency Response Center" in Peabody Hall.

The Student Health Care Center at Shands is a satellite clinic of the main Student Health Care Center located on Fletcher Drive on campus. Student Health at Shands offers a variety of clinical services, including primary care, women's health care, immunizations, mental health care, and pharmacy services. The clinic is located on the second floor of the Dental Tower in the Health Science Center. For more information, contact the clinic at 352-294-5700 or check out the web site at: www.health.ufl.edu/shcc.

Crisis intervention is always available 24/7 from Alachua County Crisis Center: (352) 264-6789. <http://www.alachuacounty.us/DEPTS/CSS/CRISISCENTER/Pages/CrisisCenter.aspx>

BUT – Do not wait until you reach a crisis to come in and talk with us. We have helped many students through stressful situations impacting their academic performance. You are not alone, so do not be afraid to ask for assistance.

Online Course Evaluation

Students are expected to provide feedback on the quality of instruction in this course by completing online evaluations at <https://evaluations.ufl.edu>. Evaluations are typically open during the last two or three weeks of the semester, but students will be given specific times when

they are open. Summary results of these assessments are available to students at <https://evaluations.ufl.edu/results/>.

Topical Outline

Date	Topic	Readings (possibly alternate meeting place, or time)	HW Assigned	HW due date
Week 1 08/22/17	Introduction: Review of fundamental concepts in molecular epidemiology Use of Biomarkers in Molecular Epidemiology.	Shulte P. A Chapter 1. A conceptual and historical framework for molecular epidemiology. In: Molecular Epidemiology: Principles and Practices (<i>can be viewed online at Google Books</i>) Perera FP. and Weinstein IB. Molecular epidemiology: recent advances and future directions. Carcinogenesis 2000; 21(3): 517-524. Ambrosone CB and Kadlubar FF. Toward an integrated approach to molecular epidemiology. Am J Epidemiol 1997; 146(11): 912-918. Mayeux, R. Biomarkers: potential uses and limitations. NeuroRx 2004; 1(2): 182-188. Gallo et al. Strengthening the Reporting of Observational studies in Epidemiology--Molecular Epidemiology STROBE-ME: an extension of the STROBE statement. J Clin Epidemiol 2011; 64(12): 1350-1363.	HW 1	
Week 2 08/29/17	Study designs in molecular epidemiology.	Fowke JH. Issues in the design of molecular and genetic epidemiologic studies. J Prev Med Public Health 2009; 42(6): 343-348.	HW2	HW 1
Week 3 09/05/17	Bias and confounding in molecular epidemiology Study design exercise	Vineis P and McMichael AJ. Bias and confounding in molecular epidemiological studies: special considerations. Carcinogenesis 1998. 19:2063-7.		
Week 4 09/12/17	Collecting and storing biospecimens: methodological considerations Exercise: identification of relevant labs	Holland et al. Biological sample collection and processing for molecular epidemiological studies. Mutat Res 2003; 543(3): 217-234. Schrohl et al. Banking of biological fluids for studies of disease-associated protein biomarkers. Mol Cell Proteomics 2008; 7(10): 2061-2066.		
Week 5 09/19/17	UF CTSI Biorepository tour	The class will be meeting with biorepository staff at 10:00am in M-621 MSB (6th floor of Medical Science Building) . Please make sure to be on time.		
Week 6 09/26/17	Biobanking. Selected laboratory techniques. Exercise: planning sample retrieval from the freezer	Perera FP and Herbstman JB. Emerging technology in molecular epidemiology: what epidemiologists need to know. EPIDEMIOLOGY 2008. 19:350-2. Erickson HS. Measuring molecular biomarkers in epidemiologic studies:		HW2

Date	Topic	Readings (possibly alternate meeting place, or time)	HW Assigned	HW due date
	Student-lead paper discussion - Alex	laboratory techniques and biospecimen considerations. Stat Med 2012. 31:2400-13. Peluso et al. Plasma total antioxidant capacity and peroxidation biomarkers in psoriasis. Journal of biomedical science 2016, 23(1):52.		
Week 7 10/03/17	Environmental exposure assessment. Basics concept in genetic epidemiology, biomarkers of susceptibility, and gene-environment interactions Paper discussion * Exercise: Using CDC report on environmental exposures Student-lead paper discussion - Sarah	Links et al. Biomarkers and mechanistic approaches in environmental epidemiology. Annu Rev Public Health 1995; 16: 83-103. Gann et al. Biological markers in environmental epidemiology: constraints and opportunities. In: Methods for Assessing Exposure of Human and Non-Human Biota, 1991. Schulte PA, Waters M. Using molecular epidemiology in assessing exposure for risk assessment. Ann N Y Acad Sci. 1999; 895:101-11. Nurminen et al. Methodological issues in epidemiologic risk assessment. Epidemiology 1999; 10:585-593 Smith et al. Generic epidemiology and public health: hope, hype, and future prospects. Lancet. 2005; 22-28; 366(9495):1484-98. Hunter, D. J. Gene-environment interactions in human diseases. Nat Rev Genet 2005; 6(4): 287-298. * Ascherio et al. Pesticide exposure and risk for Parkinson's disease. Ann Neurol 2006; 60(2): 197-203 Zhang et al: Interferon-induced transmembrane protein-3 genetic variant rs12252-C is associated with severe influenza in Chinese individuals. Nature communications 2013, 4:1418.		
Week 8 10/10/17	Use of biomarkers in cancer epidemiology Exercise: Using NCBI website Paper discussion * Student-lead paper discussion - Phillip	Vineis P, Perera F. Molecular epidemiology and biomarkers in etiologic cancer research: the new in light of the old. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 2007; 16(10): 1954-1965. Boffetta, P. Biomarkers in cancer epidemiology: an integrative approach. Carcinogenesis 2010; 31(1): 121-126 * Sisti et al., Caffeine, coffee, and tea intake and urinary estrogens and estrogen metabolites in premenopausal women. CEBP 2015; 24(8):1174-83		

Date	Topic	Readings (possibly alternate meeting place, or time)	HW Assigned	HW due date
		<p>Haznadar et al: Urinary Metabolite Risk Biomarkers of Lung Cancer: A Prospective Cohort Study. Cancer epidemiology, biomarkers & prevention : a publication of the American Association for Cancer Research, cosponsored by the American Society of Preventive Oncology 2016, 25(6):978-986.</p>		
Week 9 10/17/17	<p>Intermediate review of student final project topics Planning and executing a molecular epi study: practice example Student-lead paper discussion - Marissa</p>	<p>Meertens et al. The Course of Skin and Serum Biomarkers of Advanced Glycation Endproducts and Its Association with Oxidative Stress, Inflammation, Disease Severity, and Mortality during ICU Admission in Critically Ill Patients: Results from a Prospective Pilot Study. PloS one 2016, 11(8):e0160893.</p>		
Week 10 10/24/17	<p>Special topics: Biomarkers of drug abuse Biomarkers of kidney and liver damage Paper discussion * Student-lead paper discussion - Sheldon</p>	<p>Gjerde et al. Using biological samples in epidemiological research on drugs of abuse. Norwegian Journal of Epidemiology 2011; 21(1) Chang WJ, Joe KT, Park HY, Jeong JD, and Lee DH. The relationship of liver function tests to mixed exposure to lead and organic solvents. Ann Occup Environ Med 2013. 25:5. Beulens JW, Rimm EB, Hu FB, Hendriks HF, and Mukamal KJ. Alcohol consumption, mediating biomarkers, and risk of type 2 diabetes among middle-aged women. Diabetes Care 2008. 31:2050-5 * Nassef et al. Performance of diagnostic biomarkers in predicting liver fibrosis among hepatitis C virus-infected Egyptian children. Memórias do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz 2013; 108(7):887-93. Chow et al: Persistent Arthralgia Induced by Chikungunya Virus Infection is Associated with Interleukin-6 and Granulocyte Macrophage Colony-Stimulating Factor. Journal of Infectious Diseases 2011, 203(2):149-157.</p>		
Week 11 10/31/17	<p>Special topics: Biomarkers of dietary intake and interventions Biomarkers of allergy and</p>	<p>Eliassen, A. H., et al. Biomarker validation of dietary intervention in two multiethnic populations. Prev Chronic Dis 2006; 3(2): A44. Blanck, H. M., et al. Laboratory Issues: Use of Nutritional Biomarkers The Journal of Nutrition 133(3): 888S-894S.</p>		

Date	Topic	Readings (possibly alternate meeting place, or time)	HW Assigned	HW due date
	asthma Biomarkers in infectious diseases Paper discussion * Student-lead paper discussion - Allison	Diamant et al. Biomarkers in asthma and allergic rhinitis. <i>Pulm Pharmacol Ther</i> 2010; 23(6): 468-481. Foxman B. Contributions of molecular epidemiology to the understanding of infectious disease transmission, pathogenesis, and evolution. <i>Ann Epidemiol</i> 2007; 17(2): 148-156. * Phillips et al. HIV viral load response to antiretroviral therapy according to the baseline CD4 cell count and viral load. <i>Jama</i> 2001; 286(20):2560-7. Bhatti et al. Neonatal vitamin D and childhood brain tumor risk. <i>International journal of cancer</i> 2015, 136(10):2481-2485.		
Week 12 11/07/17	Special topics: Biomarkers of smoking and radiation Biomarkers of cardiac injury. Considerations in statistical analysis of ME studies Paper discussion * Student-lead paper discussion	Shields PG. Molecular epidemiology of smoking and lung cancer. <i>Oncogene</i> 2002; 21(45): 6870-6876. Guipaud O and Benderitter M. Protein biomarkers for radiation exposure: towards a proteomic approach as a new investigation tool. <i>Ann Ist Super Sanita</i> 2009. 45:278-86. Vasan RS. Biomarkers of cardiovascular disease: molecular basis and practical considerations. <i>Circulation</i> 2006; 113(19): 2335-2362 * Stiby et al. Association of maternal smoking with child cotinine levels. <i>Nicotine Tob Res</i> 2013; 15(12): 2029-2036 To be posted		
Week 13 11/14/17	Course review			
Week 14 11/21/17	NO CLASS			
Week 15 11/28/17	Student presentations			Final papers
Week 16 12/05/17	Student presentations			